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(REV 11-98)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER

TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES

19365-088180

DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR

CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371

09/936497

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.

PCT/CA00/00264 ✓

INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE

13 March 2000 ✓

PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED

12 March 1999 ✓

TITLE OF INVENTION

SAFETY MECHANISM FOR A FOLD AND TUMBLE SEAT ASSEMBLY ✓

APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US

MAGNA SEATING SYSTEMS, INC. TAME, OMAR, D.

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. ☒ This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2. ☐ This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3. ☐ This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
4. ☒ A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
5. ☒ A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2))
 - a. ☐ is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☒ has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. ☐ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6. ☐ A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
7. ☒ A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210).
8. ☒ Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))
 - a. ☐ are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☒ have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. ☐ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
 - d. ☐ have not been made and will not be made.
9. ☐ A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
10. ☐ An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)).
11. ☒ A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409).
12. ☐ A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).

Items 13 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:

13. ☒ An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
14. ☐ An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
15. ☐ A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.
16. ☐ A **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** preliminary amendment.
17. ☐ A substitute specification.
18. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
19. ☒ Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail
20. ☒ Other items or information:

return postcard

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21. The following fees are submitted:

CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY

BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)) :

- ☐ Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO \$1,000.00
- ☒ International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO \$860.00
- ☐ International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO \$710.00
- ☐ International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) \$690.00
- ☐ International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) \$100.00

ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =

\$860.00

Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (e)).

\$0.00

CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE
Total claims	13 - 20 =	0	x \$18.00
Independent claims	1 - 3 =	0	x \$80.00

\$0.00

\$0.00

Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable).

\$0.00

TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =

\$860.00

Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28) (check if applicable).

\$0.00

SUBTOTAL =

\$860.00

Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (f)).

\$0.00

TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =

\$860.00

Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31) (check if applicable).

\$0.00

TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =

\$860.00

Amount to be:

refunded

\$

charged

\$

☒ A check in the amount of \$860.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.

☐ Please charge my Deposit Account No. _____ in the amount of _____ to cover the above fees.
A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. **50-1759** A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

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SIGNATURE

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NAME

41,590

REGISTRATION NUMBER

12 September 2001

DATE

SAFETY MECHANISM FOR A FOLD AND TUMBLE SEAT ASSEMBLY

ART 34 AMDT

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION1. Field of the Invention

5 The present invention relates generally to a fold and tumble seat assembly, and more particularly, to a safety mechanism for controlling the folding and tumbling of a seat back and seat cushion of the seat assembly.

2. Description of the Prior Art

10 Seat assemblies for automotive vehicles typically include a generally horizontal seat cushion and a generally upright seat back for supporting a seat occupant in an upright seating position. The seat cushion is commonly mounted to a planar floor within the vehicle by front and rear seat cushion risers and the seat back is commonly pivotally attached to a seat cushion for pivotal movement between the upright seating position to a forward folded position resting against the generally horizontal seat cushion. The forward folding movement of the seat back accommodates increase
15 storage capacity in automotive vehicles, such as sport utility vehicle, mini-vans, and the like. The seat assembly may also be pivotal about the front seat cushion risers from the seating position to a forward tumble position wherein the seat back is pivoted to the folded position and then the seat cushion and seat back are pivoted about the front seat cushion riser to an upright tumble position. These type of seat assemblies, commonly referred to as fold and tumble seat assemblies, are exemplified in United States Patent No. 5,393,116 to Bolsworth et al., issued February 28, 1995 and
20 United States Patent No. 5,775,763 to Gliner et al., issued July 7, 1998.

Preferably, the seat back is pivoted to the folded position prior to the seat cushion and seat back being pivoted to the tumbled position. Additionally, the seat back is preferably pivoted from the folded position to the upright seating position after the seat cushion has been fully pivoted and
25 returned from the tumbled position to the seating position.

It remains desirable, however, to provide a safety mechanism to ensure and insist that the seat assembly may not be pivoted from the seating position to the tumble position until the seat back has been pivoted to the folded position. It also remains desirable to provide a safety mechanism to ensure and insist that the seat assembly is fully returned to from the tumble position to the seating position and secured to the vehicle floor prior to the seat back being pivoted from the folded position
30 to the upright seating position for seat occupant use.

Attempts have been made to provide such safety mechanisms. For example, European Patent

ART 34 AMDT

780259 discloses a seat assembly having a frame with a seat cushion, seat back and support foot. The seat back is able to pivot relative to the seat cushion between an upright position and a forwardly folded position. The support foot has a ball lock for releaseably fastening it to the floor of the vehicle. The seat back and seat cushion are interconnected by a mobile mechanism which allows the relative position to be remotely adjusted. A catch locks the seat back in position where the seat cannot be occupied. The mechanism incorporates a pivot pin which slides in a guide fixed to the seat frame. The catch has a hook which can be moved between locked and released positions to move the pin and lock the catch prevent seat back movement.

Another example is shown in PCT application PCT/GB95/03046, published July 11, 1996. The PCT application discloses a locking mechanism for a folding vehicle seat which ensures that the seat cannot be unfolded to a position suitable for use as a seat unless it is correctly engaged with latching points on the vehicle floor. The mechanism provides an actuating control including a blocking member and a lever for moving the blocking member into and out of engagement with the seat back to facilitate movement of the seat back from a folded position to an upright position once the seat is correctly engaged with the latching points. The lever of the actuating control is manipulated by a separate mechanism associated with the latching points.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention includes a seat assembly for use in an automotive vehicle comprising a seat cushion for supporting a seat occupant on the seat assembly and a seat back operatively coupled to the seat cushion for pivotal movement between a generally upright seating position and a forwardly folded position pivoted against the seat cushion. The seat assembly includes a front seat riser adapted to secure the seat assembly to the vehicle. The front seat riser is pivotally coupled to the seat cushion for pivoting the seat cushion between a
10 generally horizontal seating position and a generally upright tumbled position. The seat assembly also includes a rear seat riser adapted to releasably secure the seat assembly to the vehicle. The rear seat riser includes a locking latch operable between a latched position for releasably latching the rear seat riser to the vehicle with the seat cushion in the seating position and an unlatched position for releasing the rear seat riser from the vehicle to allow
15 the seat cushion to pivot from the seating position to the tumble position. The seat assembly further includes a seat back pivot mechanism coupled to the seat back and operable between a locked position, locking the seat back in the upright seating position, and an unlocked position, providing pivotal movement of the seat back between the upright seating position and the folded position. The seat assembly additionally includes a blocking member coupled
20 between the seat back and the locking latch and operable in a first blocking position for engaging the seat back in the upright seating position and preventing the locking latch from releasing from the latched position to the unlatched position when the seat back is locked by the seat back pivot mechanism in the upright seating position.

25 The blocking member is also operable in a second blocking position for engaging the seat back in the folded position when the locking latch is in the unlatched position and preventing pivotal movement of the seat back from the folded position to the seating position until the locking latch is returned to the latched position latching the rear seat riser to the vehicle with the seat cushion in the seating position.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

5 Other advantages of the present invention will be readily appreciated as the same becomes better understood by reference to the following detailed description when considered in connection with the accompanying drawings wherein:

10 Figure 1 is an environmental view of a seat assembly shown pivotal between an upright seat position and a folded and tumble position;

Figure 2 is a perspective view of the seat assembly with a seat back in a folded position and a seat cushion in a tumbled position;

15 Figure 3 is a side view of the seat assembly having a locking latch in a latched position and a blocking member engaging the seat back in a first blocking position;

Figure 4 is a side view of the seat assembly having the locking latch in an unlatched position and the blocking member engaging the seat back in a second blocking position; and

20 Figure 5 is a partially broken perspective view of the seat assembly having the locking latch in the latched position.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

25 Referring to the Figures wherein like reference number correspond to like part throughout the several views, an automotive vehicle is generally shown at 10 in Figure 1. The vehicle 10 includes at least one front, or first row, seat assembly 12 and at least one rear, or second row, seat assembly 14. It should be appreciated that the front row typically includes a driver side seat assembly, as shown at 12 and a passenger side seat assembly (not shown). Additionally, the second row may include more than the one seat assembly 14 aligned in a row between the inboard and outboard side of the vehicle 10 as is commonly known in the art. Still further, the vehicle 10 may also include a third row of one or more seat assemblies similar to the seat assembly 14. The seat assembly 14 only will be described herein for illustrative purposes. The seat assembly 14 of Figure 1 is shown in a generally

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horizontal and upright seating position in solid lines for supporting a seat occupant and is shown in a fold and tumble position in dashed lines for providing additional cargo space within the vehicle 10. The seat assembly 14 is releasably and pivotally secured to a planar floor 16 within the vehicle 10 as will be described in further detail hereinbelow.

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The seat assembly 14 includes a seat cushion 18 for supporting the seat occupant on the seat assembly 14 and a seat back 20 operatively coupled to the seat cushion 18 and pivotal between a generally upright seating position, as shown in solid lines, and a forwardly folded position pivoted against said seat cushion, as shown in dashed lines. The seat
10 assembly 14 also includes a seat back pivot mechanism 22 coupled to the seat back 20 and operable between a locked position locking the seat back 20 in the upright seating position and an unlocked position for providing pivotal movement of the seat back 20 between the upright seating position and the folded position. The seat back pivot mechanism 22 is any mechanism suitable for pivoting the seat back 20 between the upright seating position and the
15 folded position as is commonly known in the art.

Referring to Figures 1 and 2, the seat assembly 14 includes a support frame 24 for supporting the seat cushion 18 above the vehicle floor 16. The support frame 24 includes a pair of spaced apart and parallel side rails 26, 28 interconnected by a pair of spaced apart front and
20 rear cross bars 30, 32. The seat assembly 14 further includes a pair of spaced apart front seat risers 34, 36 adapted to secure the seat assembly 14 to the vehicle floor 16. Each front seat riser 34, 36 includes a first end fixedly secured to the floor 16 by bolts or the like and a second end extending upwardly from the floor 16 and pivotally attached to the side rails 26, 28 of the support frame 24 by a pivot pin 38. The seat assembly 14 is pivotal about the front
25 seat risers 34, 36 between the seating position and the folded and tumbled position. More specifically, the seat cushion 18 is pivotal about the front seat risers 34, 36 between a generally horizontal seating position, shown in solid lines in Figure 1, and a forwardly tumbled position, as shown in dashed lines in Figure 1. Coincidentally, the seat back 20 moves with the seat cushion 18 between the seating and tumbled positions. A seat cushion spring bias
30 member, such as a torsion spring or coil spring 39 as shown, is interconnected between the seat cushion 18 and each front seat riser 34, 36 for biasing the seat cushion 18 from the seating position to the tumbled position. More specifically, the coil spring 39 is connected between each of the front seat risers 34, 36 and the pivot pin 38.

The seat assembly 14 further includes a pair of spaced apart rear seat risers 40, 42 adapted to releasably secure the seat assembly 14 to the vehicle floor 16. The front seat risers 34, 36 and rear seat risers 40, 42 elevated the seat assembly 14 above the vehicle floor 16.

5 Referring to Figures 2-4, each of the rear seat risers 40, 42 include a support bracket 44 pivotally secured to the respective side rail 26, 28 by the rear cross bar 32. Each rear seat riser 40, 42 further includes a locking latch 46 operable between a latched position for releasably latching the rear seat risers 40, 42 to the vehicle floor 16 with said seat cushion 18 in the seating position, as shown in Figure 3, and an unlatched position for releasing the rear
10 seat risers 40, 42 from the vehicle floor 16 to allow the seat cushion 18 to pivot from the seating position to the tumbled position.

Referring to Figures 2-5, the locking latch 46 includes a latch plate 48 pivotally coupled to the support bracket 44 of the rear seat riser 40, 42 by a pivot rod 50 for providing
15 pivotal movement of the latch plate 48 between the latched position and the unlatched position. The latch plate 48 includes a C-shaped hook portion 52 and an extension portion 54 along opposing sides of the pivot rod 50. The hook portion 52 engages with a striker bar 56 mounted to the vehicle floor 16 as shown in Figures 3 and 5 in the latched position to retain the seat cushion 18 in the horizontal seating position. The locking latch 48 also includes a
20 latch spring 58, such as a coil spring, having a first end connected to the latch plate 48 and a second end connected to the pivot rod 50 for biasing the latch plate 48 from the unlatched position to the latched position engaged with the striker bar 56. The locking latch 46 additionally includes a release handle 60 pivotally secured between the rear seat risers 40, 42 and engagable with the latch plate 48 for pivoting the latch plate 48 from the latched position
25 to the unlatched position. The release handle 60 is an elongated rod extending between and pivotally coupled at each opposing end to the support bracket 44 of the rear seat risers 40, 42. The opposing ends of the release handle 60 include a cam 61, which engages a cam lobe 63 extending outwardly from the latch plate 48 for pivoting the latch plate 48 about the pivot rod 50 from the latched position to the unlatched position when the release handle 60 is rotated in
30 the clockwise direction. It should be appreciated that the release handle 60 may be directly connected to the latch plates 48 or the latch plates 48 may be bridged or interconnected for simultaneous movement by a release handle 60 engaging only one latch plate 48.

The locking latch 46 further includes a latch gate 62 pivotally connected to the support bracket 44 of the rear seat riser 40 for pivotal movement between an open position engaging and retaining the latch plate 48 in the unlatched position, as shown in Figure 4 and a closed position disengaged from the latch plate 48 in the latched position, as shown in Figure 3. The latch gate 62 is pivotally attached to the support bracket 44 by a pivot pin 64 and includes a gate finger 66 which engages the striker bar 56 in the closed position to capture the striker bar 56 between the latch gate 62 and the latch plate 48 and prevent rattle therebetween as shown in Figure 3. The gate finger 66 also engages the hook portion 52 of the latch plate 48 in the open position to retain the latch plate 48 in the latched position as will be described in further detail hereinbelow. The locking latch 46 includes a gate spring 68, such as a coil spring, connected between the latch gate 62 and the pivot pin 64 for biasing the latch gate to the open position to engage the hook portion 52 of the latch plate 48 when in the unlatched position.

Referring again to Figures 3 and 4, the seat assembly 14 further includes a blocking member 70 coupled between the seat back 20 and the locking latch 46 and operable in a first blocking position for engaging the seat back 20 in the upright seating position and preventing the locking latch 46 from releasing from the latched position to the unlatched position when the seat back 20 is locked by the seat back pivot mechanism 22 in the upright seating position. The blocking member 70 is also operable in a second blocking position for engaging the seat back 20 in the folded position when the locking latch 46 is in the unlatched position and preventing pivotal movement of the seat back 20 from the folded position to the upright seating position until the locking latch 46 is returned to the latched position, latching the rear seat risers 40, 42 to the vehicle floor 16 with the seat cushion 18 in the seating position.

The blocking member 70 includes a support brace 72 fixedly secured to the support frame 24 of the seat cushion 18 and extending upwardly therefrom adjacent the lower portion of the seat back 20. The blocking arm 70 also includes a generally L-shaped blocking arm 74 pivotally connected to the support brace 72 for pivotal movement between the first blocking position and the second blocking position in response to the locking latch 46 operating between the latched position and the unlatched position. The blocking arm 74 includes a lower leg 76 pivotally connected to the support brace 72 by a pivot pin 78 and an upper arm 80 extending outwardly from the lower leg 76 adjacent the seat back 20. More specifically,

the seat back 20 is pivotal about a pivot axis A defined by the seat back pivot mechanism 22. The seat back 20 includes an abutment nub 84 projecting laterally from the side of the seat back 20 adjacent the support brace 72 and spaced from the pivot axis A. The lower leg 76 engages the nub 84 when the seat back 20 is in the upright seating position as shown in Figure 3. The upper arm 78 engages the nub 84 when the seat back 20 is in the folded position and the locking latch 46 is in the unlatched position. Still further, the blocking member 70 includes a spring bias member 86, such as an elongated wire coil spring, connected between the support brace 72 and the lower leg 76 of the blocking arm 74 for automatically returning the blocking arm 74 from the second blocking position to the first blocking position when the locking latch 46 returns from the unlatched position to the latched position.

A link 88, such as a pull-pull type cable, is interconnected between the extension portion 54 of the latch plate 48 and the lower leg 76 of the blocking arm 74 for pivoting the blocking arm 74 from the first blocking position to the second blocking position in response to the latch plate 48 pivoting from the latched position to the unlatched position.

In operation, the seat assembly 14 is operable between a seating position as shown in Figure 1 for supporting a seat occupant on the seat and a folded and tumbled position as shown in Figure 2 for providing additional cargo space in the vehicle 10. In the seat position, the seat back 20 is positioned in the generally upright seating position and the seat cushion is positioned in the generally horizontal seating position. In the folded and tumbled position, the seat back 20 is pivoted to the folded position and the seat cushion is pivoted to the tumbled position. When the seat back 20 is in the upright seating position as shown in Figure 3, the blocking member 70 prevents the locking latch 46 from releasing from the latched position with the striker bar 56. The blocking member 70 prevents unlatching of the locking latch 46 so that the seat cushion is lockingly secured to the vehicle floor 16 to support a seat occupant and prevent incident pivotal movement of the seat assembly 14 from the seating position to the folded and tumble position. More specifically, the nub 84 projecting outwardly from the seat back 20 is positioned immediately adjacent to the lower leg 76 of the blocking member 70 and above the pivot pin 78 when the seat back 20 is locked in the upright seating position by the seat back pivot mechanism 22. If the seat occupant attempts to actuate the locking latch 46 from the latched position to the unlatched position, the blocking arm 74 abuts the nub 84 in the first blocking position to prevent pivotal rotation of the blocking arm 74 about the pivot

pin 78, and thus, also prevent the pivotal movement of the latch plate 48 from the latched position to the unlatched position. In otherwords, since the latch plate 48 is directly connected to the blocking arm 74 by the link 88, when the seat occupants attempts to pivot the release handle 60 and pivot the latch plate 48 from the latched position to the unlatched position, the link 88 pulls on the lower leg 76 to pivot the blocking arm 74 about the pivot pin 78. However, with the seat back 20 in the upright position, the lower leg 76 abuts with the nub 84 and prevents rotation of the blocking arm 74, and therefore, the latch plate 48 is also prevent from pivoting to the unlatched position.

To manipulate the seat assembly 14 from the seating position to the folded position, the seat occupant actuates a release lever 90 on the seat back pivot mechanism 22 to unlock the seat back 20 from the upright seating position. The seat back 20 may then be pivoted forwardly, or counterclockwise, about the seat back pivot mechanism 22, that defines the seat back pivot axis A, from the upright seating position to the forward folded position. As shown in Figure 4, when the seat back 20 is in the folded position, resting against the seat cushion 18, the nub 84 is moved with the seat back 20 from a position adjacent to the lower leg 76 of the blocking arm 74, as shown in Figure 3, to a position above and adjacent the upper arm 80, as shown in dashed lines in Figure 4. Therefore, the blocking arm 74 is now clear to pivot about the pivot pin 78. Additionally, as long as the locking latch 46 is in the latched position, securing the latch plate 48 to the striker bar 56, the blocking arm 74 remains biased toward the counterclockwise direction and in the first blocking position as shown in dashed lines of Figure 4. Therefore, the seat back 20 is free to pivot between the upright seating position and the folded position with the nub 84 rotating with the seat back 20 clear of the blocking arm 74.

To manipulate the seat assembly 14 from the folded position to the tumbled position, the seat occupant may now actuate the release handle 60 to pivot the locking latch 46 from the latched position engaged with the vehicle floor 16 to the unlatched position releases from the floor 16. More specifically, the release handle 60 is pivoted about the support brackets 44 in the clockwise, or downward, direction. The cam 61 on the release handle 60 engages with the cam lobe 63 on the latch plate 48 to rotate the latch plate 48 about the pivot rod 50 in the clockwise direction and disengage the hook portion 52 from the striker bar 56. Once the hook portion 52 is cleared from the striker bar 56, the latch gate 62 rotates about the pivot pin 64 until the gate finger 66 contacts the distal end of the hook portion 52 to retain the latch

plate 48 in the unlatched position. Simultaneously, the extension portion 54 of the latch plate 48 pulls on the link 88, or cable, which is connected to the lower leg 76 of the blocking arm 74. The link 88 pivots the blocking arm 74 about the pivot pin 78 in the clockwise direction and against the biasing force of the spring 86 from the first blocking position to the second blocking position as shown in solid lines in Figure 4. The latch gate 62 retains the latch plate 48 in the unlatched position, which therefore, retains the blocking arm 74 in the second blocking position. As depicted in Figure 4, the upper arm 80 of the blocking arm 74 is now position immediately adjacent to and below the nub 84 on the seat back 20. Therefore, if the occupant attempts to pivot the seat back 20 from the folded position back to the upright seating position, the nub 84 will contact the upper arm 80 and prevent the pivotal movement of the seat back 20 while the locking latch 46 is in the unlatched position. The seat assembly 14 may now be pivoted about the front seat risers 34, 36 to the forward tumbled position as shown in Figure 2. In the tumble position, the rear seat risers 40, 42 may be pivoted to a stowed position against the support frame 24 by a linkage mechanism as is commonly known in the art.

When it is desirable to return the seat assembly 14 from the folded and tumbled position to the seating position, the seat cushion 18 is pivoted rearwardly about the front seat risers 34, 36 with the seat back 20 in the folded position against the seat cushion 18. When the seat cushion 18 approaches the generally horizontal seating position as shown in Figure 4, the latch gate 62 engages the striker bar 56 to pivot the latch gate 62 clockwise about the pivot pin 64 to the closed position and the striker bar 56 is received in the hook portion 52 of the latch plate 48. The latch spring 58 biases the latch plate 48 in the latched position engaged with and latched to the striker bar 56. Further, once the latch plate 48 is pivoted to the latched position, the tension on the link 88, or cable, is released. The spring 86 automatically pivots the blocking arm 74 about the pivot pin 78 from the second blocking position to the first blocking position. The blocking arm 74 is now spaced forward of and below the nub 84 on the seat back 20 so that the seat back 20 is free to pivot by the seat back pivot mechanism 22 from the folded position, as shown in Figure 4, to the upright seating position and shown in Figure 3. If the latch plate 48 is not pivoted to the latched position and engaged with the striker bar 56, the tension in the link 88 maintains the blocking arm 74 in the second blocking position to interfere with the nub 84 on the seat back 20 and prevent the seat back 20 from returning to the upright seat position.

The invention has been described in an illustrative manner, and it is to be understood that the terminology which has been used is intended to be in the nature of words of description rather than of limitation.

- 5 Obviously, many modification and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings. It is, therefore, to be understood that within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practiced other than as specifically described.

What is claimed is:

1. A seat assembly for use in an automotive vehicle comprising:
 - a seat cushion for supporting a seat occupant on said seat assembly;
 - 5 a seat back operatively coupled to said seat cushion for pivotal movement between a generally upright seating position and a forwardly folded position pivoted against said seat cushion;
 - a seat back pivot mechanism coupled to said seat back and operable between a locked position locking said seat back in said upright seating position and an unlocked position for providing pivotal movement of said seat back between said upright seating position and said folded position;
 - 10 a front seat riser adapted to secure said seat assembly to the vehicle, said front seat riser pivotally coupled to said seat cushion for pivoting said seat cushion between a generally horizontal seating position and a generally upright tumbled position;
 - a rear seat riser adapted to releasably secure said seat assembly to the vehicle, said rear seat riser including a locking latch operable between a latched position for releasably latching said rear seat riser to the vehicle with said seat cushion in said seating position and an unlatched position for releasing said rear seat riser from the vehicle to allow said seat cushion to pivot from said seating position to said tumble position; and
 - 15 a blocking member directly coupled between said seat back and said locking latch and operable in a first blocking position for engaging said seat back in said upright seating position and preventing said locking latch from releasing from said latched position to said unlatched position when said seat back is locked by said seat back pivot mechanism in said upright seating position.
2. A seat assembly as set forth in claim 1 wherein said blocking member is operable in a second blocking position for engaging said seat back in said folded position when said locking latch is in said unlatched position and preventing pivotal movement of said seat back from said folded position to said seating position until said locking latch is returned to said latched position latching said rear seat riser to the vehicle with said seat cushion in said seating position.
- 25 3. A seat assembly as set forth in claim 1 wherein said locking latch includes a latch gate pivotally connected to said rear seat riser for pivotal movement between 1) an open position
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engaging and retaining said locking latch in said unlatched position when said seat cushion is released and pivotal between said seating position and said tumble position and for retaining said blocking member in said second blocking position until said locking latch is returned to said latched position and 2) a closed position disengaged from said locking latch when said locking latch is in said locked position.

4. A seat assembly as set forth in claim 2 further including a support bracket secured to said rear seat riser for supporting said seat back pivot mechanism between said seat back and said seat cushion and for supporting said blocking member between said locking latch and said seat back.

5. A seat assembly as set forth in claim 3 wherein said blocking member includes a blocking arm pivotally connected to said support plate for pivotal movement between said first blocking position and said second blocking position in response to said locking latch operating between said latched position and said unlatched position.

6. A seat assembly as set forth in claim 4 wherein said blocking member includes a spring bias member connected between said support bracket and said blocking arm for automatically returning said blocking arm to said first blocking position when said locking latch returns from said unlatched position to said latched position.

7. A seat assembly as set forth in claim 5 wherein said locking latch includes a latch plate pivotally coupled to said rear seat riser for pivotal movement between said latched position and said unlatched position.

8. A seat assembly as set forth in claim 6 further including a link interconnected between said latch plate and said blocking arm for pivoting said blocking arm from said first blocking position to said second blocking position in response to said latch plate pivoting from said latched position to said unlatched position.

9. A seat assembly as set forth in claim 7 wherein said locking latch includes a latch spring connected between said latch plate and said rear seat riser for biasing said latch plate from said unlatched position to said latched position.

10. A seat assembly as set forth in claim 8 wherein said locking latch includes a gate spring connected between said latch gate and said latch plate for biasing said latch gate to said open position.

5 11. A seat assembly as set forth in claim 9 further including a release handle pivotally secured to said rear seat riser and engagable with said locking latch for pivoting said latch plate from said latched position to said unlatched position.

10 12. A seat assembly as set forth in claim 10 wherein said blocking arm includes a lower leg pivotally connected to said support bracket for engaging said seat back in said first blocking position and an upper arm for engaging said seat back in said second blocking position.

15 13. A seat assembly as set forth in claim 11 further including a seat cushion spring bias member interconnected between said seat cushion and said front seat riser for biasing said seat cushion from said seating position to said tumbled position.

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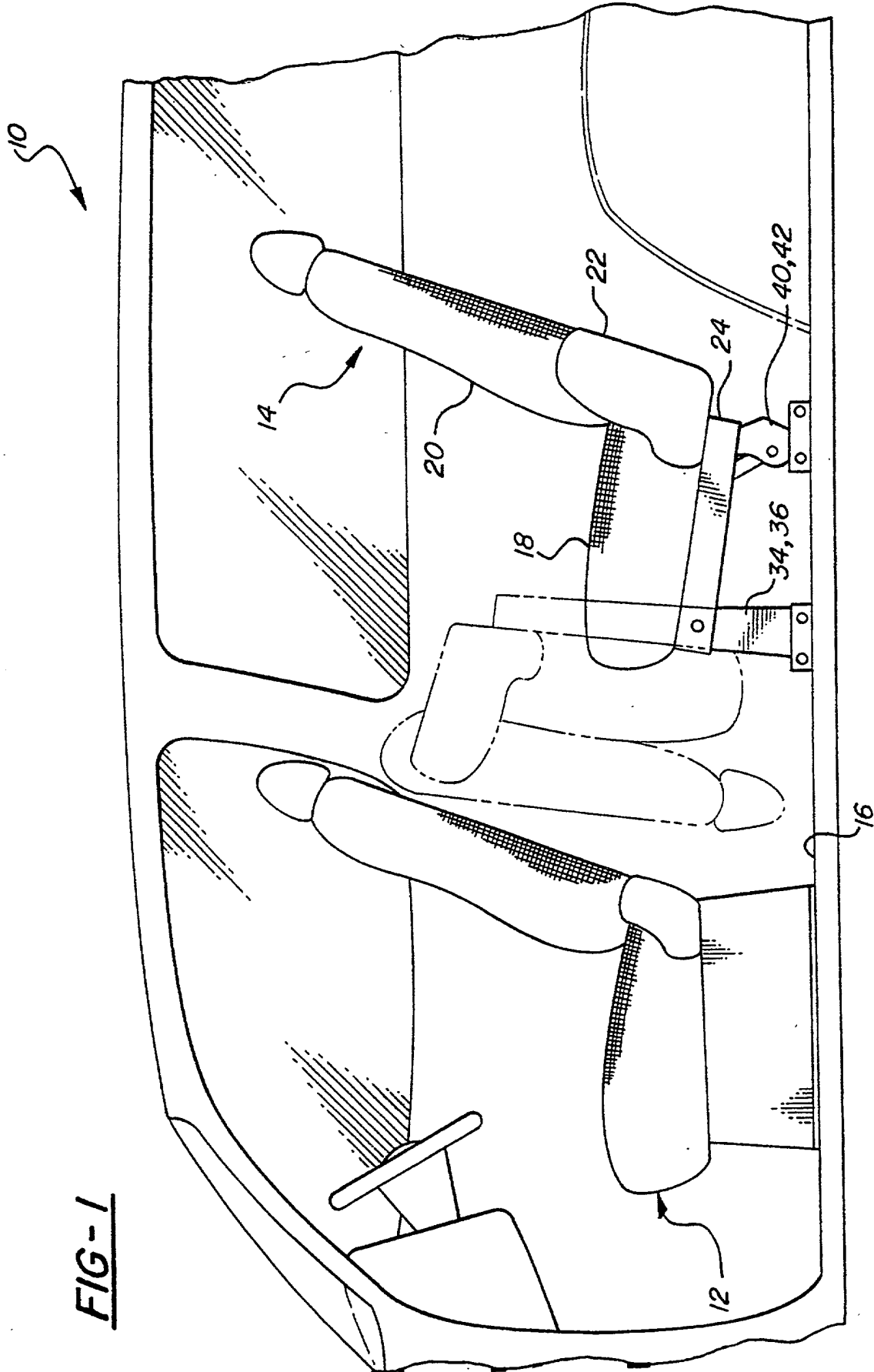


FIG-1

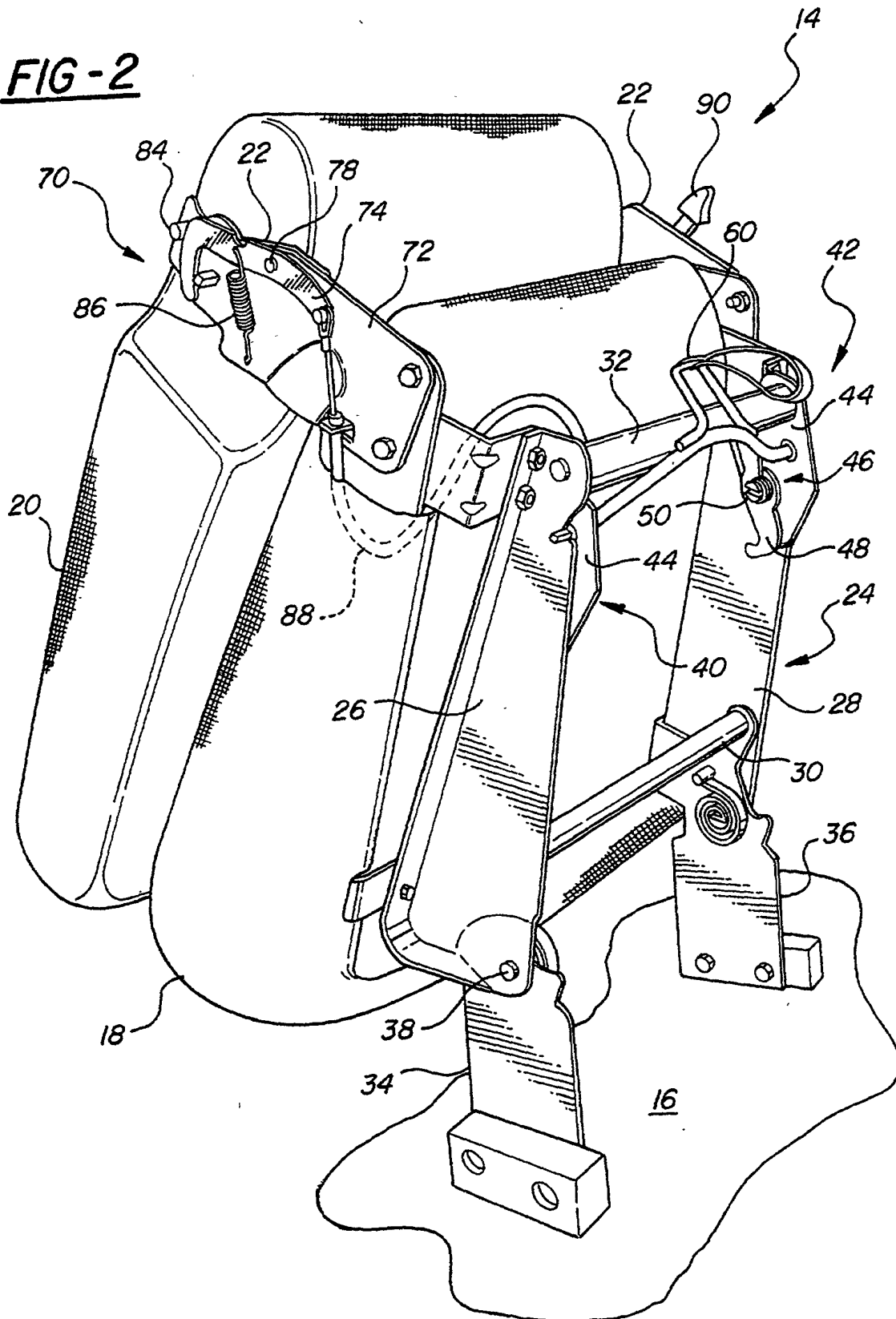
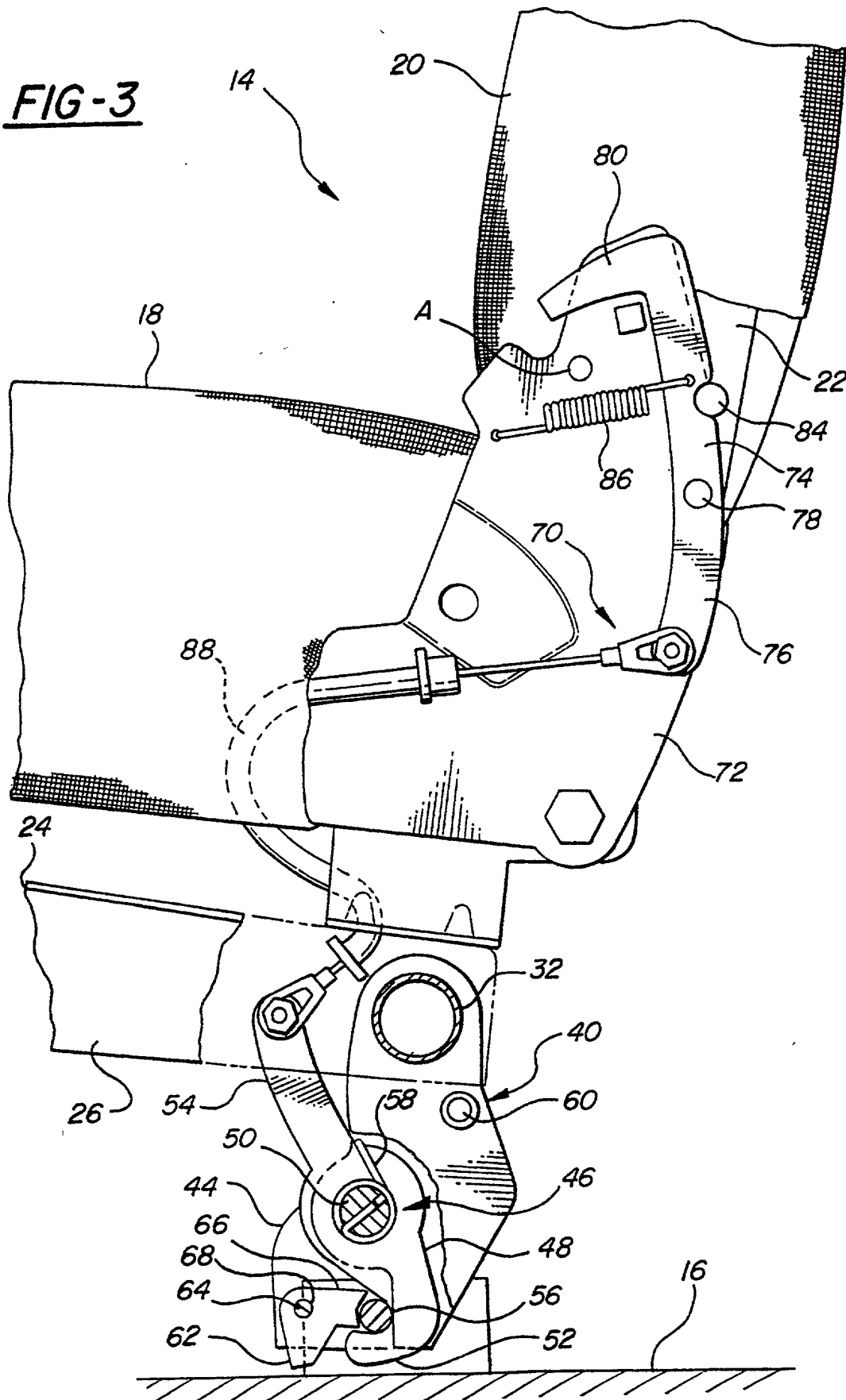
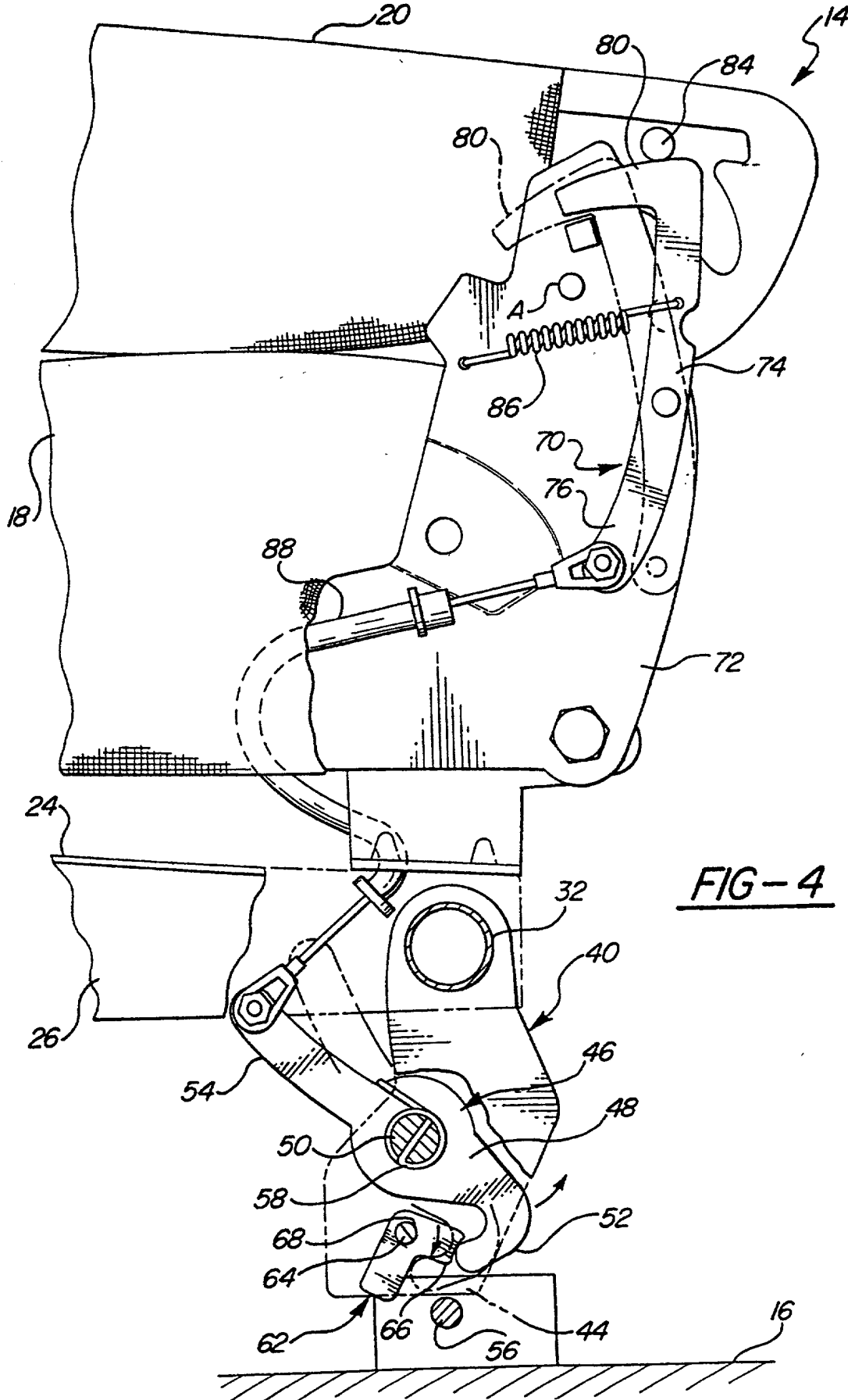
FIG-2

FIG-3

FIG-4

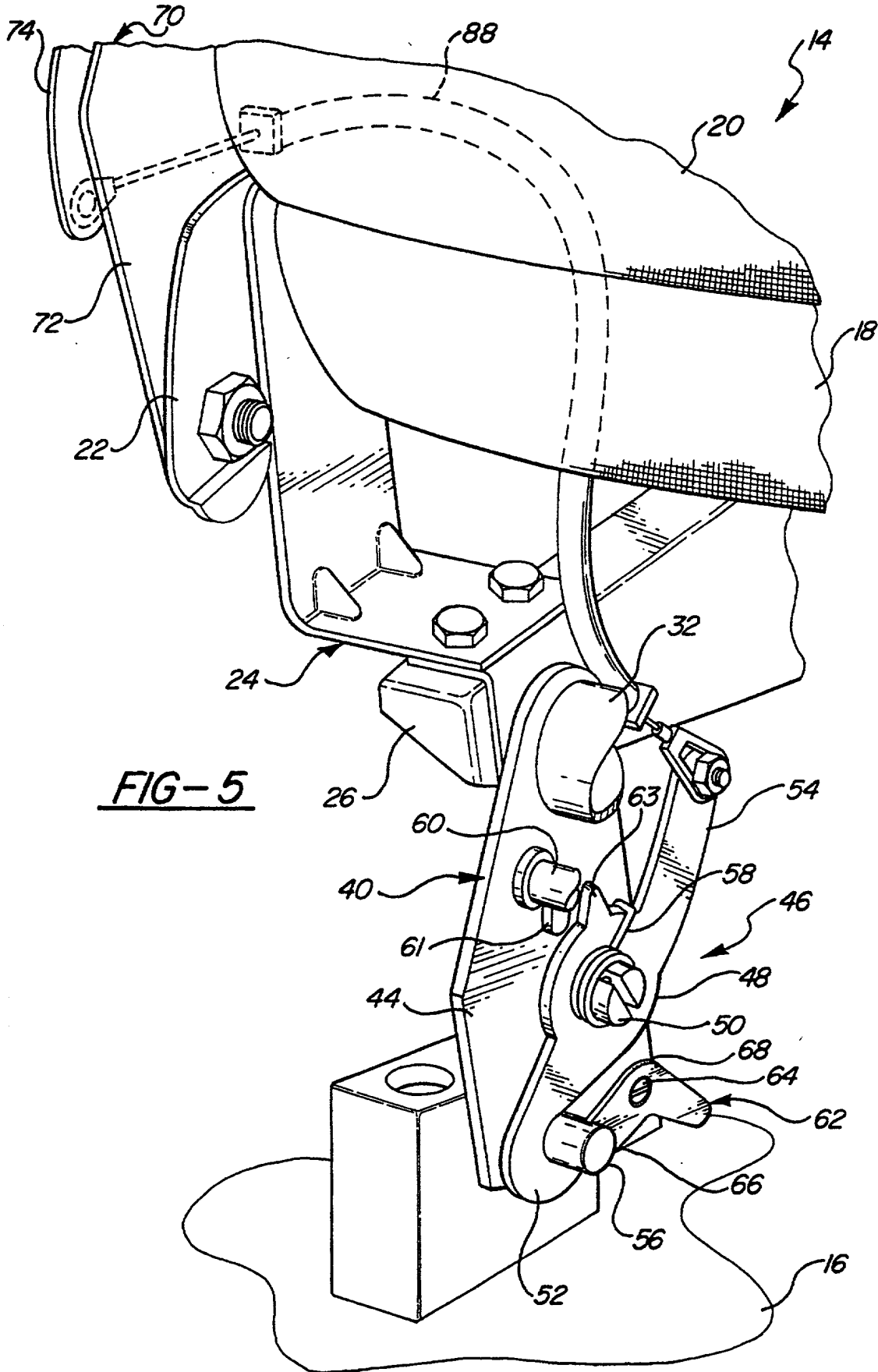


FIG-5



Docket No.

Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

English Language Declaration

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled
Safety Mechanism For A Fold And Tumble Seat Assembly

the specification of which

(check one)

☐ is attached hereto.

☒ was filed on March 12 2000 as United States Application No. or PCT International Application Number PCT/CA 00/00264 and was amended on _____

(if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(a)-(d) or Section 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or Section 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Not Claimed

(Number)

(Country)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☐

(Number)

(Country)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☐

(Number)

(Country)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☐

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

<u>60/124,082</u> ✓	<u>March 12, 1999</u> ✓
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U. S. C. Section 120 of any United States application(s), or Section 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. Section 112. I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, C. F. R., Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. (list name and registration number)

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